

**Student's Bill of Rights  
on a Public School Campus**

**I. THE RIGHT to Meet with Other Religious Students.**  
The Equal Access Act allows students the freedom to meet on campus for the purpose of discussing religious issues.

**II. THE RIGHT to Identify Your Religious Beliefs through Signs and Symbols.** Students are free to express their religious beliefs through signs and symbols.

**III. THE RIGHT to Talk about Your Religious Beliefs on Campus.**  
Freedom of speech is a fundamental right mandated in the Constitution and does not exclude the school yard.

**IV. THE RIGHT to Distribute Religious Literature on Campus.**  
The Equal Access Act allows students the freedom to meet on campus for the purpose of discussing religious issues.

**V. THE RIGHT to Pray on Campus.**  
Students may pray alone or with others so long as it does not disrupt school activities or is not forced on others.

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**VI. THE RIGHT to Carry or Study Your Bible on Campus.**  
The Supreme Court has said that only state directed Bible reading is unconstitutional.

**VII. THE RIGHT to Do Research Papers, Speeches, and Creative Projects with Religious Themes.**

The First Amendment does not forbid all mention of religion in public schools.

**VIII. THE RIGHT to Be Exempt.**

Students may be exempt from activities and class content that contradict their religious beliefs.

**IX. THE RIGHT to Celebrate or Study Religious Holidays on Campus.**

Music, art, literature, and drama that have religious themes are permitted as part of the curriculum for school activities if presented in an objective manner as a traditional part of the cultural and religious heritage of the particular holiday.

**X. THE RIGHT to Meet with School Officials.**

The First Amendment to the Constitution forbids Congress to make any law that would restrict the right of the people to petition the Government (school officials).